



SV204
Diagnostic
Information





Please See Operators and Service Manual for additional information.

ALL Work Must be performed by a factory trained technician to prevent injury. This manual is not intended to replace the service manual but to assist with additional information.







A WARNING

Unexpected machine movement may cause a serious accident. When inspecting the machine while the engine is running, always follow the instructions below.

- · Park the machine on level, flat ground.
- · Apply the parking brake.
- · Set chocks in front and behind each drum or tire.
- Make sure that service personnel are given the appropriate information at the appropriate time.
- Make sure that no one can enter any hazardous area.

A CAUTION

Do not work on the hydraulic system while the engine is running and the system is hot and under pressure. Do not disconnect hydraulic hoses or fittings until the system has cooled and pressure has been properly relieved.

Before removing any plugs from the pressure measurement ports, always release any residual pressure from the piping and open the cap of the fluid tank to release and pressure.



A WARNING

Inadvertent starting the engine may cause a serious accident.

When inspecting the engine, make sure to exchange the appropriate cues and hand signal with the person at the operator station to avoid any accidents.

A CAUTION

Before inspecting inside of the engine compartment, always stop the engine.

Contact with the fan, V-belt or exhaust system parts while the engine is running may cause serious injury.



SV204 Operators Manual Scan QR Code to View









Engine

Model KUBOTA "V3307-CR-T-EF05"

Diesel Engine

Total displacement 3.331 litres (203.3 cu.in)
Rated output 54.6 kW / 2,200 min⁻¹

(73 HP / 2,200 rpm)

Max. torque 261 N·m / 1,500 min⁻¹

(193 ft-lb / 1,500 rpm)

Vibrating power

Frequency 30 Hz (1,800 vpm)

Centrifugal force 74kN (16,185 lbs)

Gradability 46% (24°)

Rolling width 1,370 mm (54")

Minimum turning radius 4.3 m (170")

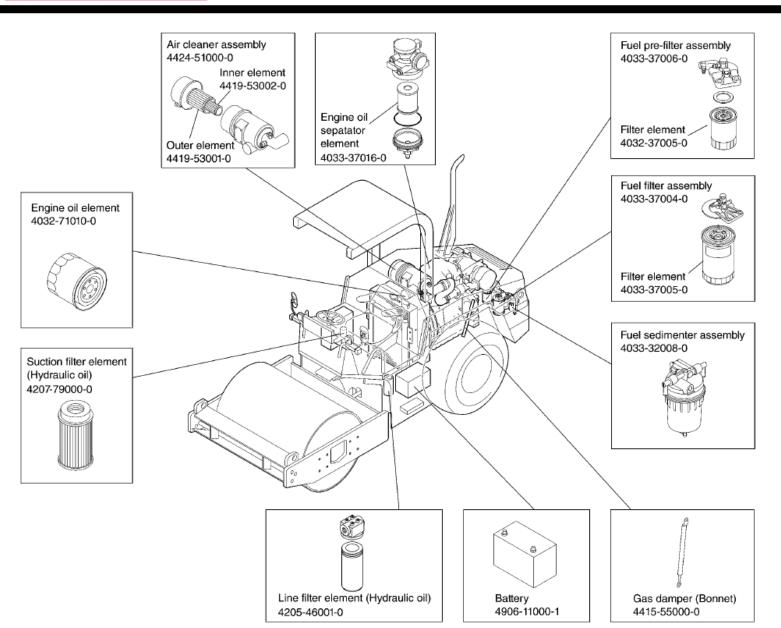
Performance

Travel speed 0-7.5 km/h (0-4.7 mile/h)

Lubricant		Ambient temp			
	Service classification	-15 – 30°C (5 – 86°F) Cold	0 – 40°C (32 – 104°F) Moderate	15 – 55°C (59 – 131°F) Tropical	Applicable standards
Engine oil	API grade CJ4 JASO DH-2	SAE 10W-30	SAE 30	SAE 40	MIL-L-2104D
Gear oil	API grade GL5	SAE 80W-90	SAE 90	SAE 140	MIL-L-2105
Hydraulic oil	Wear resistant	ISO-VG32 over VI 140	ISO-VG46 over VI 140	ISO-VG68 over VI 110	ISO-3448
Grease	Lithium type extreme pressure NLGI-2				
Fuel	Diesel fuel ASTM D975 No.2-D S15				

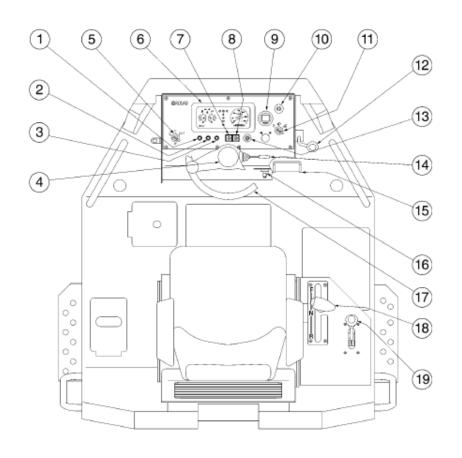
Compartment	Type of fluid	Capacity in liters (gal.)
Fuel tank	Diesel oil	100 (26.4)
Engine oil pan	Engine oil	11.2 (3.0)
Hydraulic oil tank	Hydraulic oil	38 (10.0)
Wheel motor	Gear oil	1.6 (0.4)
Radiator	Coolant	6.7 (1.8)
Vibrator	Gear oil	4.0 (1.1)
Differential	Gear oil	8.3 (2.2)
Final drives	Gear oil	0.9 x 2 (0.22 x 2)





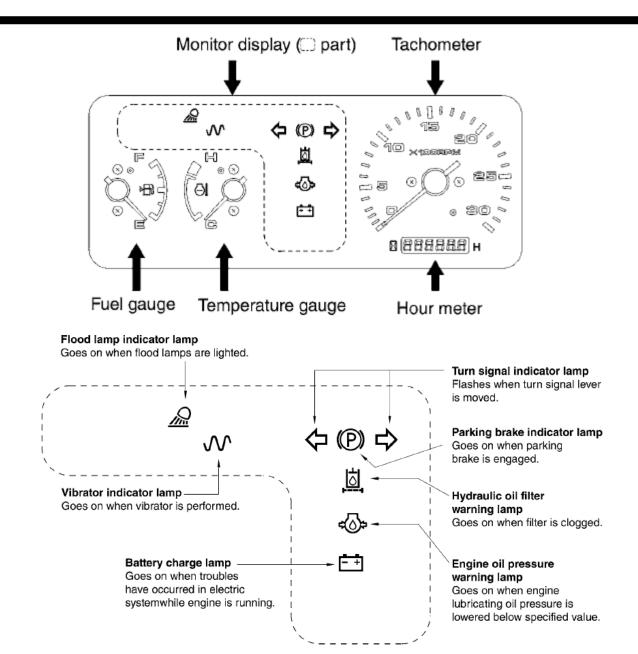




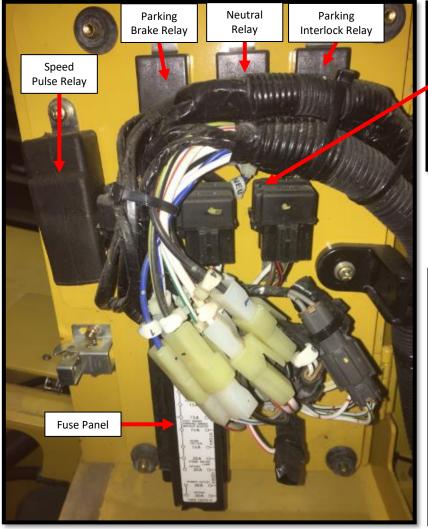


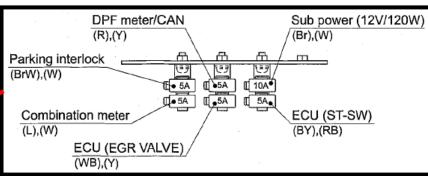
- 1 Engine warning lamp
- 2 Engine stop lamp
- ③ Overheat lamp
- 4 Horn switch button
- ⑤ Vibration selector switch
- ⑥ Combination meter
- ? Auto regeneration lamp (green)
- ® Parked regeneration request lamp (amber)
- 9 DPF meter
- Parking brake switch
- ① Lamp switch (option)
- ① Throttle lever
- (13) Parked regeneration switch (black)

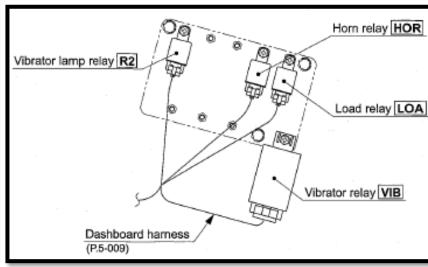
- Turn signal lever (option)
- 15 Brake pedal
- ® Starter switch
- Steering wheel
- ® Forward-Neutral-Reverse (F-N-R) lever with vibrator switch
- (9) Leveling blade lift lever (for SV204TB only)







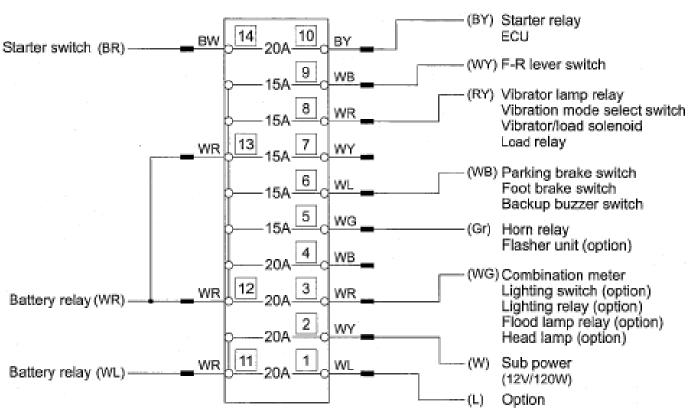


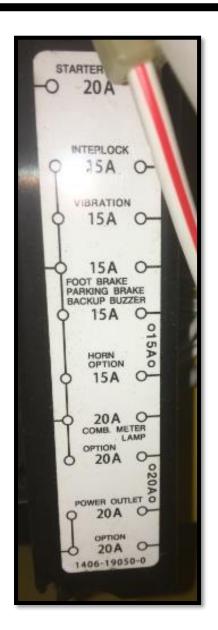








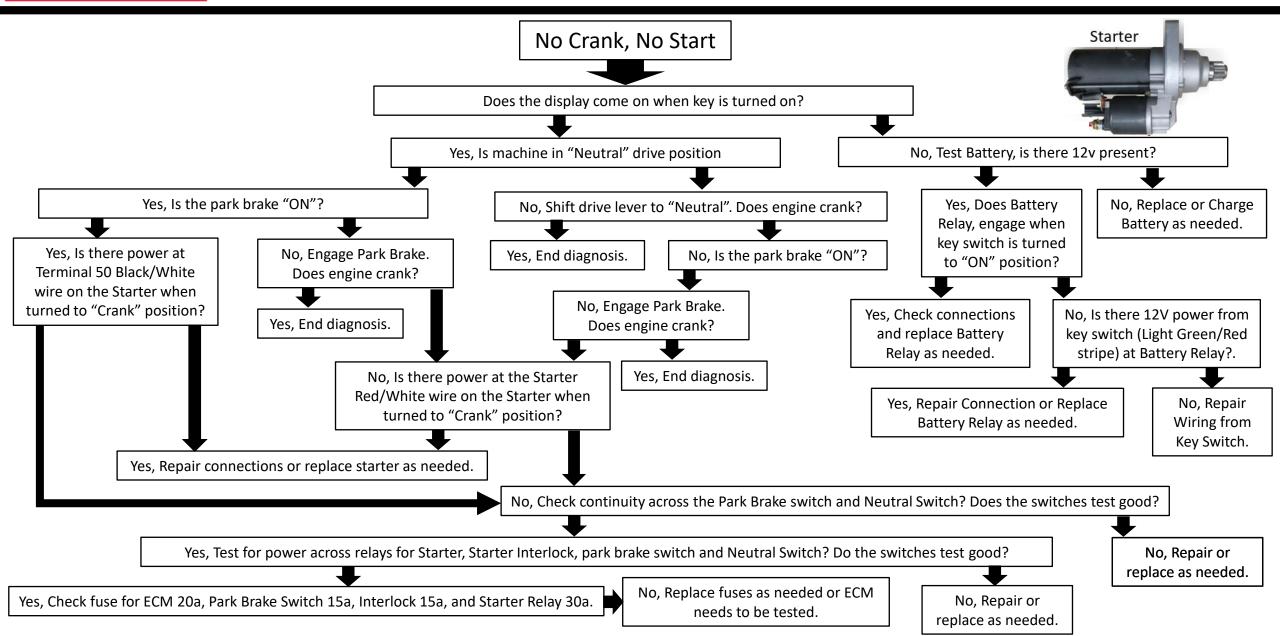




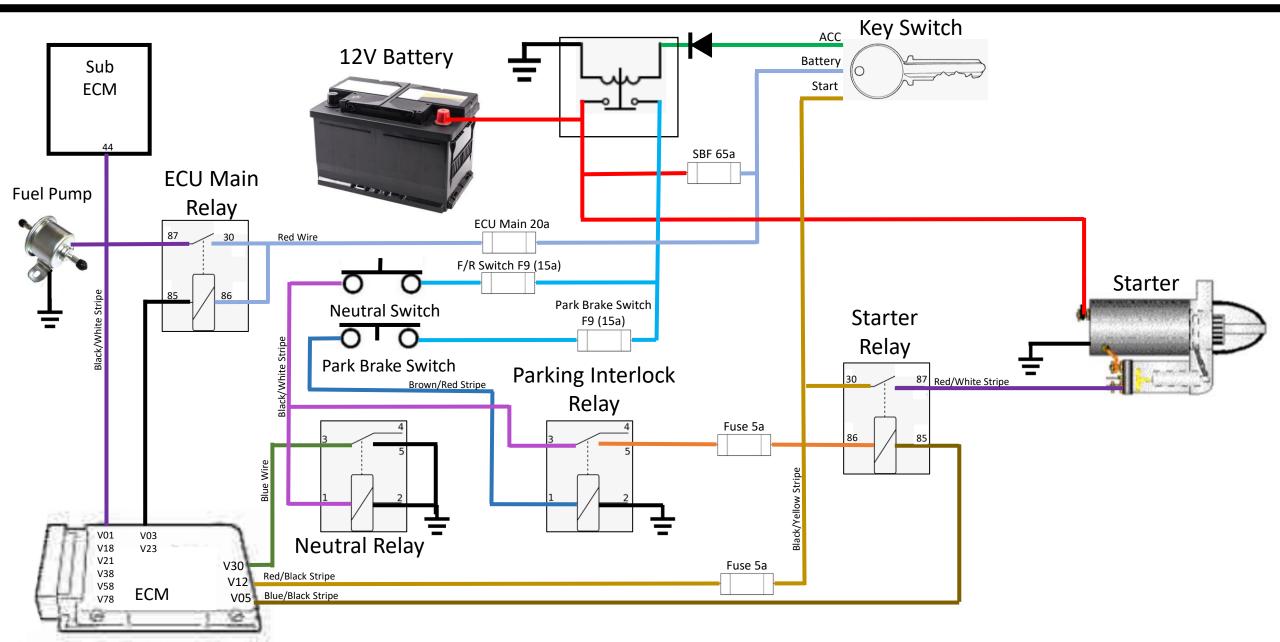




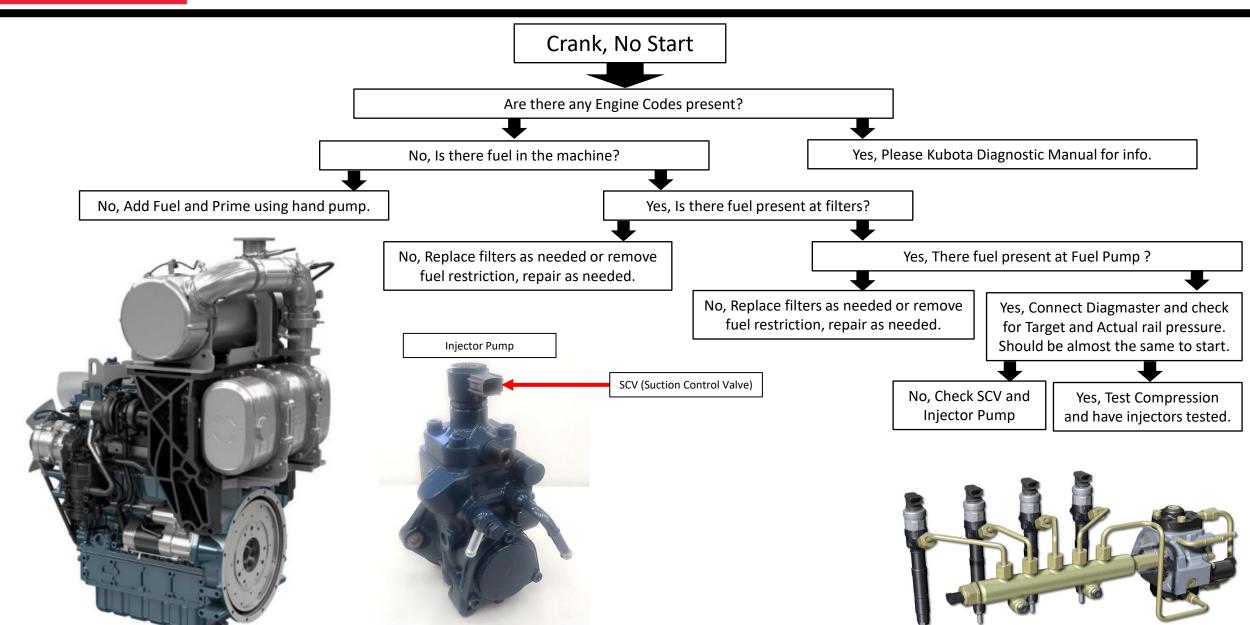




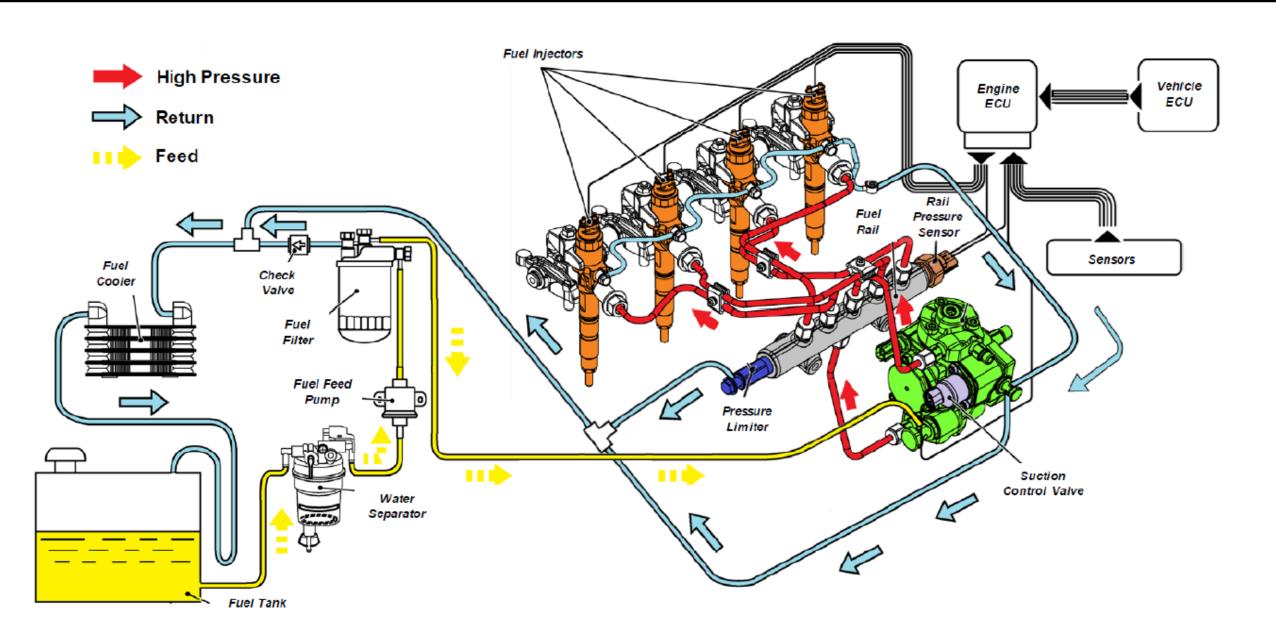






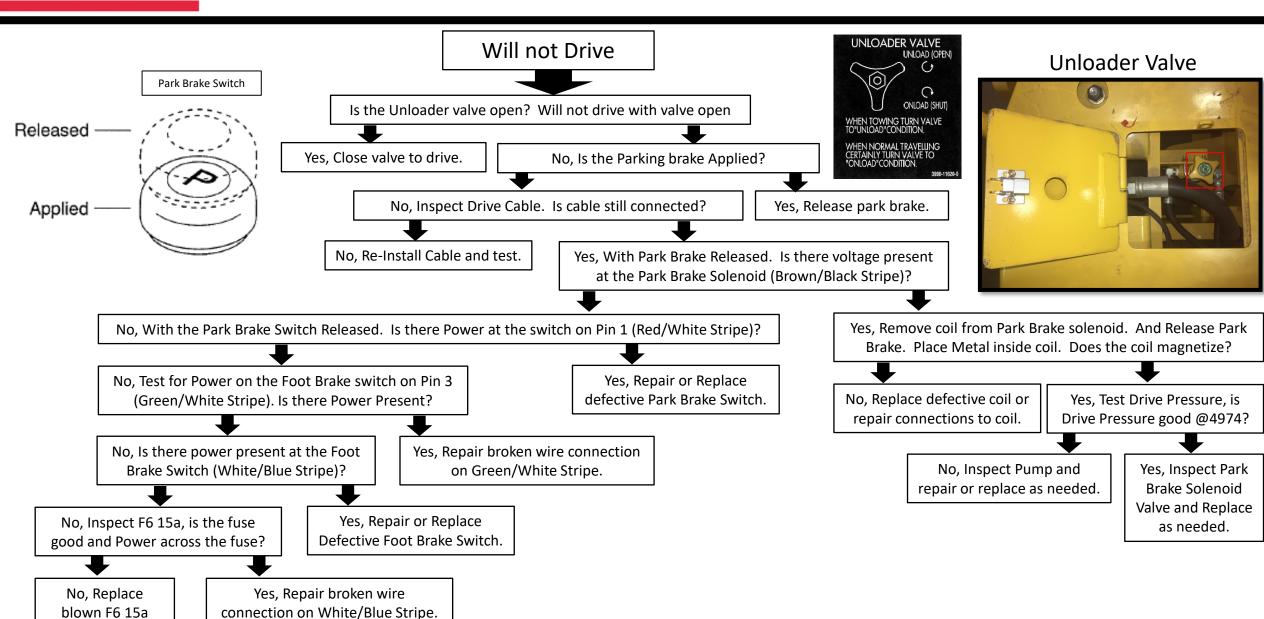




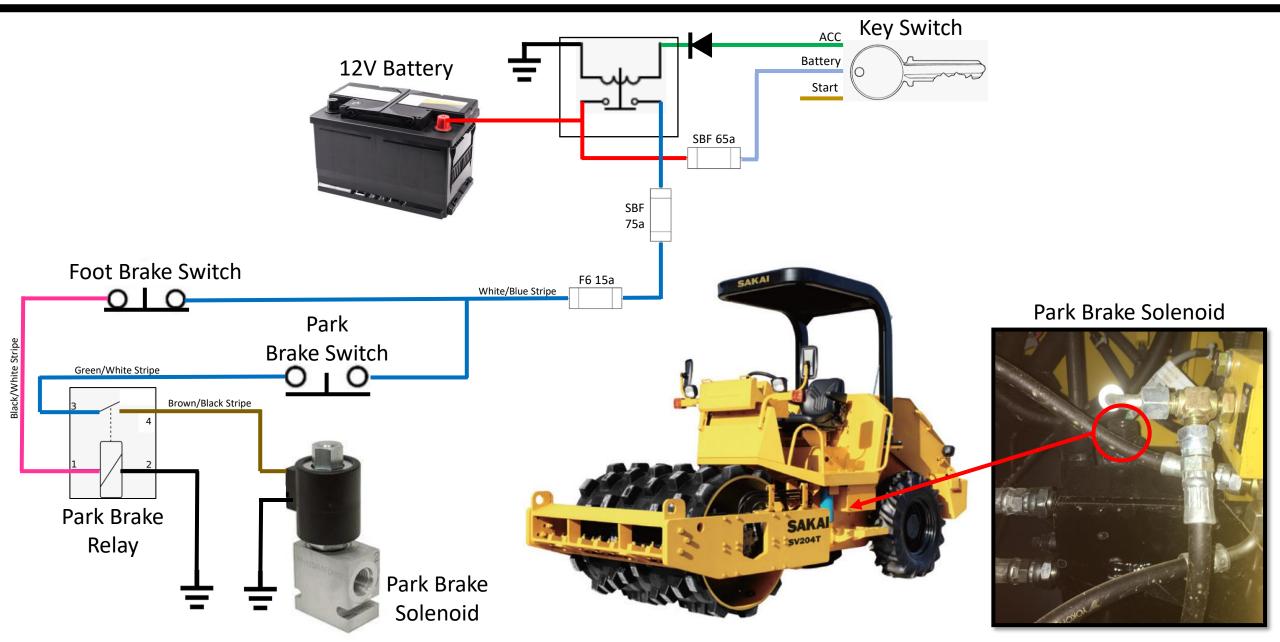




blown F6 15a







MEASUREMENT AND INSPECTION OF PROPULSION CIRCUIT PRESSURE

- Oil temperature during measurement : 50 ± 5°C (122 ± 9°F)
- Remove plugs from high pressure gauge ports, (1-2) and (1-5) of propulsion pump. Attach pressure gauge with adapter (h).

Adapter (h)

: 9/16-18UNF

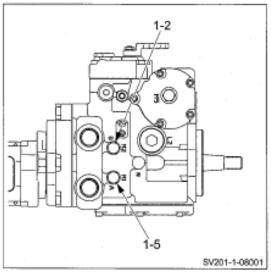
- High pressure gauge port (Reverse): (1-2)
- . High pressure gauge port (Forward): (1-5)

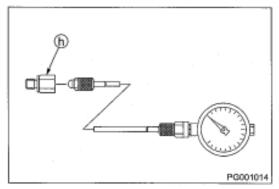
· Pressure gauge

: 0 to 50 MPa

(0 to 7,250 psi)

- ② Confirm that F-R lever is "N".
- Apply parking brake by pressing parking brake switch button.
- 4 Start the engine and set throttle lever to "FULL".
- (5) Establish a condition in which machine propulsion load becomes maximum. (Pressure does not build up unless propulsion load is applied.)
- With propulsion load at maximum, slowly move F-R lever to the side to be measured.
- Read pressure indicated by pressure gauge.
- 8 After measuring, promptly return F-R lever to "N".
- * Maximum circuit pressure (high pressure relief valve setting) : 28.0 ± 1.0 MPa (4,060 ± 145 psi)

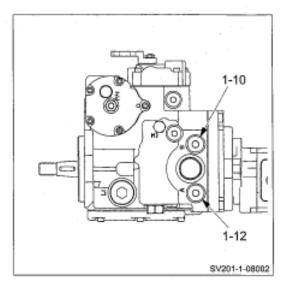




- 1 Remove plug and valve from high pressure check relief valve port (1-10) or (1-12) of vibrator pump.
 - · *High pressure relief valve (Reverse): (1-10)
 - *High pressure relief valve (Forward): (1-12)
- 2 Check removed high pressure relief valve for trapped dirt and other abnormalities.
- 3 If trapped dirt is present, disassemble and clean high pressure relief valve.
- 4 If pressure still deviates from maximum circuit pressure range after valve is disassembled and cleaned, replace high pressure relief valve.
- (5) After inspection, measure pressure again and check that pressure reaches maximum circuit pressure range.



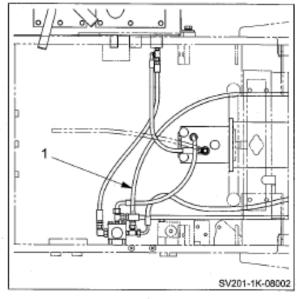
Plug: 70 N·m (52 lbf·ft)

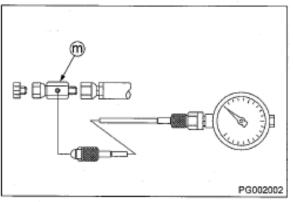




MEASUREMENT OF PARKING BRAKE RELEASE PRESSURE

- Oil temperature during measurement : 50 ± 5°C (122 ± 9°F)
- ① Disconnect hose (1) from brake solenoid valve. Attach pressure gauge through adapter ⑩.
 - Adapter ®
- : G1/4
- · Pressure gauge: 0 to 5 MPa (0 to 725 psi)
- ② Confirm that F-R lever is "N".
- ③ Apply parking brake by pressing parking brake switch button.
- 4 Start the engine and set throttle lever to "FULL".
- ⑤ Release parking brake by pressing parking brake switch button.
- 6 Read brake release pressure indicated by pressure gauge.
- ★ Brake release pressure: 1.5 to 3.0 MPa (218 to 435 psi)







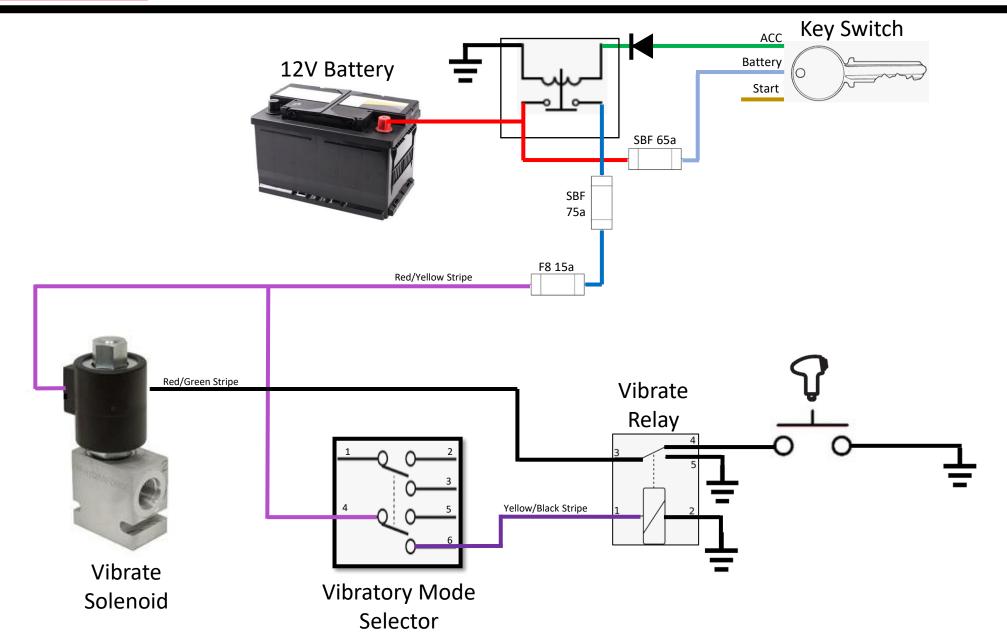
Drum Will not Vibrate Is there power at the Vibrate Solenoid (Red/Yellow Stripe)? Yes, With Mode selector on Auto, Is there a ground present at the Vibrate Solenoid Red/Green Stripe? Yes, Repair broken Red/Yellow stripe No, With Mode Selector on Auto, is Yes, Remove coil from Vibrate Brake solenoid. And set wire or connection from F6. there a ground on the Vibrate relay Vibrate to Auto. Place Metal inside coil. Does the coil (Red/Green Stripe)? magnetize? No, Replace defective Yes, Test Drive Pressure, is Yes, Repair broken No, With Mode Selector on coil or repair **Drive Pressure good** Auto, is there power on the Red/Green stripe connections to coil. @4974? wire or connection Yellow/Black Stripe on the from F6. Vibrate Relay? Yes, Inspect Park No, Inspect Pump and **Brake Solenoid** repair or replace as needed. No. With the Mode Yes, Repair or Replace Valve and Replace Selector Switch on Auto, is defective Vibrate Relay. as needed. there power at the switch on the Yellow/Black Wire? No. With the Mode Selector Switch on Auto, is there Yes, Repair broken wire from switch to Vibrate Relay (Yellow/Black Stripe) power at the switch on the Red/Yellow Wire? Yes, Repair or Replace broken switch No, Replace blown fuse or repair connections at F6.

No, Is there power across F6 15a?

No, Replace blown fuse or repair connections at F6.



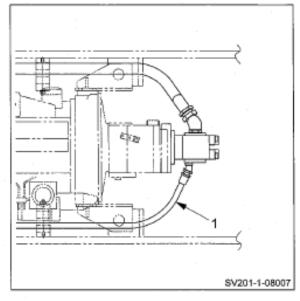


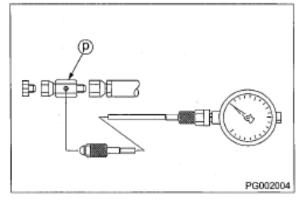


MEASUREMENT OF VIBRATOR CIRCUIT PRESSURE

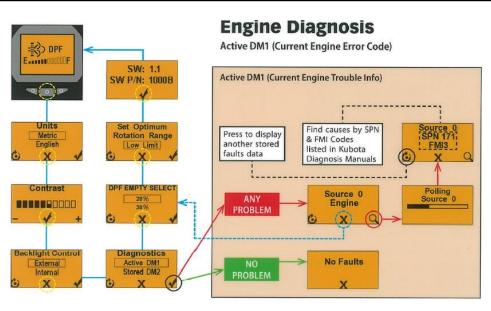
- Oil temperature during measurement : 50 ± 5°C (122 ± 9°F)
- - Adapter ®
- : G1/2
- Pressure gauge: 0 to 50 MPa (0 to 7,250 psi)
- ② Confirm that F-R lever is "N".
- ③ Apply parking brake by pressing parking brake switch button.
- ④ Set vibration mode select switch to * ♥ ".
- (5) Start the engine and set throttle lever to "FULL".
- 6 Keep pressing F-R lever vibration switch (ON).
- Read pressure gauge for maximum value of vibrator circuit pressure.
- ® Release F-R lever vibration switch (OFF) as soon as measurement is finished.
- ★ Maximum circuit pressure (relief valve pressure setting)

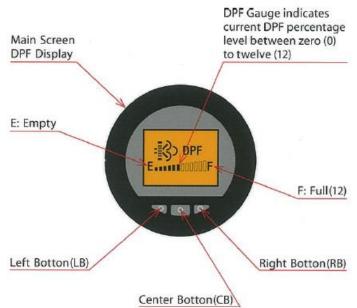
: 17.2 ± 1.0 MPa (2,494 ± 145 psi)











0.1.11	5 · · ·
Code No.	Description
P0016	Crankshaft Postion Sensor (NE)
P0087	Pressure Limiter Opening Abnormal
P0088	High Rail Pressure Abnormality
P0089	SCV Stuck
P0093	High Pressure Fuel Leak
P0112	Intake Air Temp Abnormal (Low)
P0113	Intake Air Temp Abnormal (High)
P0117	Coolant Temp Sensor Abnormal (Low)
P0118	Coolant Temp Sensor Abnormal (High)
P0182	Fuel Temp Sensor Abnormal (Low)
P0183	Fuel Temp Sensor Abnormal (High)
P0192	Rail Pressure Sensor Abnormal (Low)
P0193	Rail Pressure Sensor Abnormal (High)
P0200	Overcharge
P0201	Fuel Injector Cylinder 1 Open Circuit
P0202	Fuel Injector Cylinder 2 Open Circuit
P0203	Fuel Injector Cylinder 3 Open Circuit
P0204	Fuel Injector Cylinder 4 Open Circuit
P0217	Engine Overheat
P0219	Engine Overrun
P0335	Crankshaft Sensor Abnormal (Low)
P0336	Crankshaft Sensor Abnormal (High)
P0340	Camshaft Sensor Abnormal (Low)
P0341	Camshaft Sensor Abnormal (High)
P0380	Air Heater Relay Abnormality
P0400	EGR Feedback Abnormal
P0404	EGR Motor Temp Abnormal
P0628	SCV Abnormal (Low)
P0269	SCV Abnormal (High)

NOTE:

For full description and additional troubleshooting, please see the Kubota Diagnostic manual.



Levels 1 – 3 machine can be regened using the interior switch.

Level 4 – Diagmaster Needed to perform soot load reset, and force, reset intervals.

Level 5 – Diagmaster needed. Filter must be cleaned, and soot load reset performed along with intervals.

DO NOT FORCE REGEN WITHOUT CLEANING AT LEVEL 5!

Regen Conditions Needed:

- 1. Machine above 65 deg C or 150 deg F.
- 2. Apply the Parking Brake.
- 3. Engine at low Idle
- 4. No engine codes present

To Regen:

Press and Hold "Regen" button up to 10 seconds or until you hear engine pitch change and begin to idle up. DO NOT TOUCH CONTROLS! Leave machine alone until process has finished.

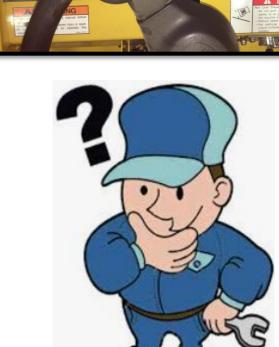
	DPF E	Green Lamp	Amber Lamp	Black Switch	Red Lamp	Auto RGN	Parked	Limit of Engine	Operations
Level (Stage)	DPF Gauge	Auto RGN	Parked RGN Request	Parked RGN	Emission Sys. Warning	Auto NGN	Manual RGN	Output	operations
O (No RGN	1 - 11	*	₽		0	No Need	No Need	NO	RGN is not required. Normal machine operation is available.
Needed)		Off	Off		Lamp Off				
1 (Auto RGN)		₫	-∰		0	Applicable	No Need	NO	When green lamp goes on during Auto RGN, keep englne RPM at Max for 30 min to perform best RGN Normal machine operation is available.
		Lamp On	Off		Lamp Off				•
(Requesting Parked RGN)	12 (Max)	♣			0	Applicable	Applicable	NO	Perform a Parked RGN as early as possible by following Instructions, "Procedure of Parked RGN" below, when the Amber lamp starts blinking while Green lamp is on. Parked RGN may be cancelled even though Amber lamp blinks,
	RGN may start even	Lamp On	Blinking		Lamp Off				If Max RPM can be maintained for 30 min.
(Parked RGN Urgent	below level 12 according to amount of soot left at DPF.	Blinking	ॐ	Start Parked RGN by pushing the switch. Amber lamp blinking changes to light-on.		Not Applicable	Applicable	YES	URGENT: If Red Warning lamp turns on while the Green and Amber lamps are blinking a Parked RGN must be performed urgently to prevent possible costly repairs. If Red lamp doesn't go off after Parked RGN, access the engine error
Request)		Billiking	Lamp On	ngnt-on.	Lamp On				codes at DPF Meter and contact your Sakal dealer or company Techs.
4 (RGN with Service Tools)		3	-∰			Not Applicable	Not Applicable	YES	If Green lamp is blinking and Red lamp goes on, Parked RGN by operator is impossible. In this condition DPF may only be regenerated using special service tools. Contact your Sakal dealer or company Techs.
Service (OOIS)		Blinking	Off		Lamp On				Contact your sakar dealer or company rectis.
5 (DPF Cleaning)		3	₫			Not Applicable	Not Applicable	YES	The engine controller may shut down the engine if above request for parked RGN are ignored. The engine will not restart until the DPF unit is replaced or cleaned using special tools.
(= / · c.caiig)		Blinking	Off		Lamp On				Contact your Sakal dealer or company Techs.
						40000			A STATE OF THE STA

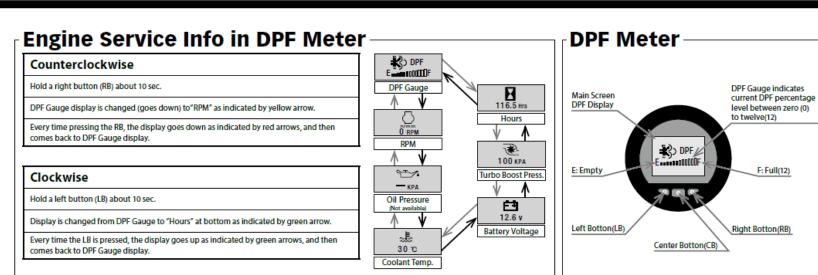


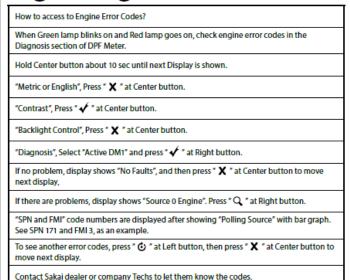




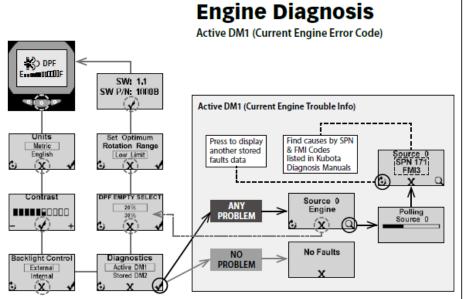






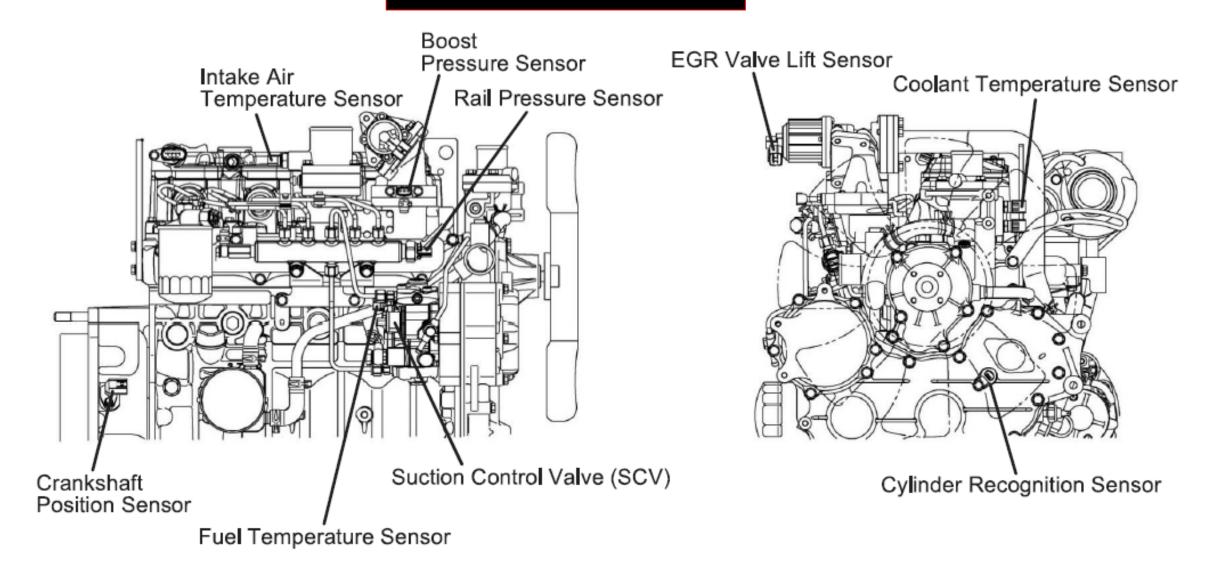


Engine Diagnosis in DPF Meter





Sensor Locations

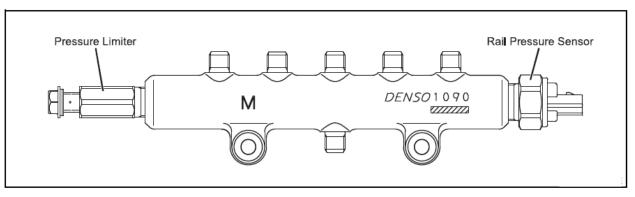


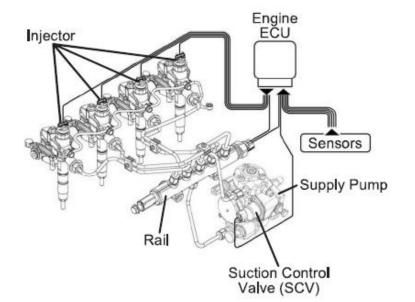


Part Name	DENSO Part Number	Car Manufacturer
		Part Number
Supply Pump	294000-069#	1J574 - 50501
Injector	095000-680#	1J574-53051
Rail	095440-109#	1J574-50601
Engine ECU	275800 - 722#	1J574 - 59053
Accelerator Position Sensor	198300-719#	1J574-59701
Cylinder Recognition Sensor	949979-186#	1J574 - 59711
Crankshaft Position Sensor	949979-038#	1J574-59661
Coolant Temperature Sensor	179700-022#	5H601-41941
Boost Pressure Sensor	079800-559#	1J574 - 59671
Intake Air Temperature Sensor	071500-249#	1J574-59681



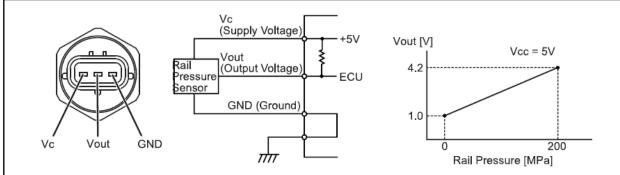
- The rail accumulates pressurized fuel (0 to 130 MPa) delivered from the supply pump for distribution to the injector for each cylinder. A rail pressure sensor, and pressure limiter are attached to the rail.
- The rail pressure sensor (Pc sensor) detects rail internal fuel pressure, and sends a signal to the engine ECU; the pressure limiter control excess pressure. These devices ensure optimum combustion and reduce combustion noise.





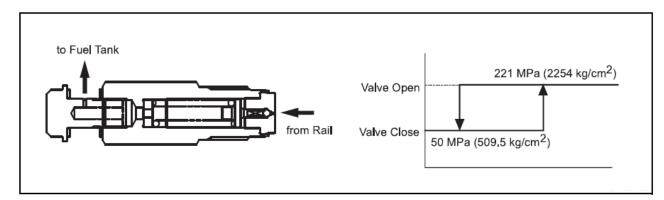
Rail Pressure Sensor

• The rail pressure sensor detects fuel pressure inside the rail, and sends a signal to the engine ECU. The rail pressure sensor is made from a semiconductor, and uses the "Piezoelectric Resistive Effect" to detect changes in electrical resistance based on the pressure applied to the elemental silicon. In comparison to the conventional rail pressure sensor, this sensor responds better to high pressure.



Pressure Limiter

• The pressure limiter releases pressure when the rail internal pressure becomes abnormally high. The pressure limiter opens when internal pressure reaches approximately 221MPa (2254 kg/cm²), and closes when rail pressure reaches a given set pressure. Fuel released from the pressure limiter is returned to the fuel tank.

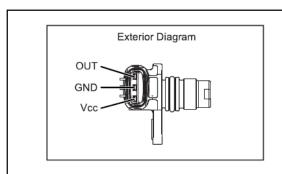


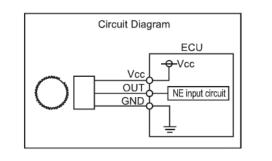


Crankshaft position sensor (NE sensor) and cylinder recognition sensor (G)

Crankshaft Position Sensor (NE)

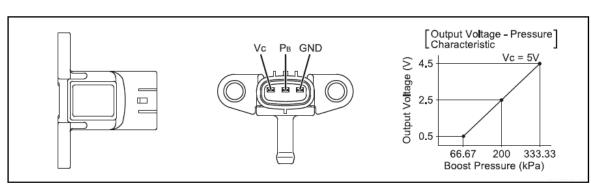
 The crankshaft position sensor is installed near the flywheel pulsar gear on the flywheel to detect the crankshaft angle, and output the engine speed signal. The sensor unit is an MRE (Magnetic Resistance Element) type. The pulsar gear has 56 pulses.





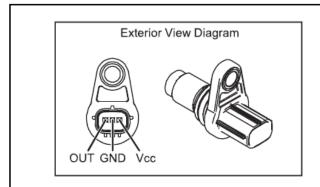
Boost pressure sensor

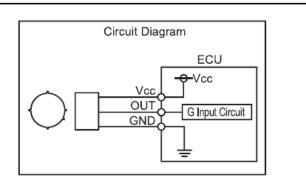
The boost pressure sensor is identical to the conventional sensor in construction and operational characteristics. The
boost pressure sensor uses the "Piezoelectric Resistive Effect" to detect air pressure inside the intake manifold. Under the "Piezoelectric Resistive Effect", changes in electrical resistance accompany changes in voltage applied to the
silicon element inside the sensor.



Cylinder recognition sensor (G)

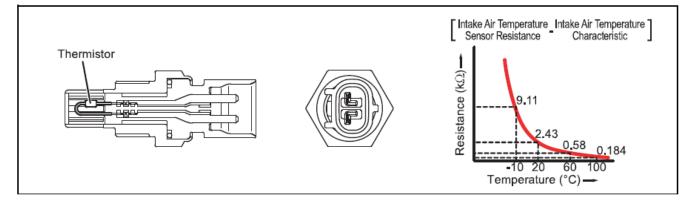
• The cylinder recognition sensor is installed near the camshaft pulsar gear to identify each cylinder. The sensor unit is an MRE type. The pulsar gear has five pulses.



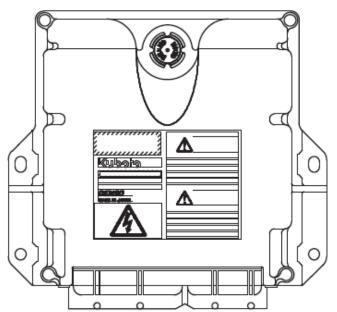


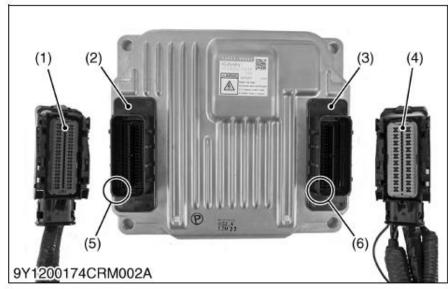
Intake air temperature sensor

The intake air temperature sensor detects the temperature of the intake air that has passed through the turbocharger.
 The sensor portion of the unit that detects the temperature contains a thermistor. The electrical resistance of the thermistor changes with temperature to detect the intake air temperature.





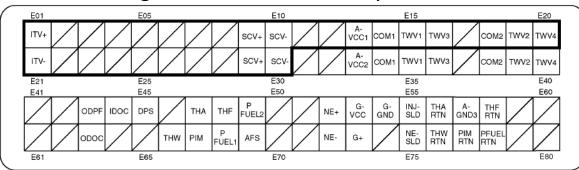




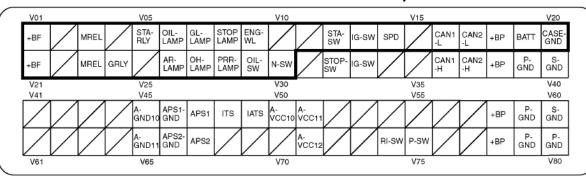
- (1) ECU Wiring Harness Connector 1 (Engine Side)
- (2) ECU Connector 1 (Engine Side)
- (3) ECU Connector 2 (Machine Side)

- (4) ECU Wiring Harness Connector 2 (Machine Side)
- (5) E01 Pin Position
- (6) V01 Pin Position

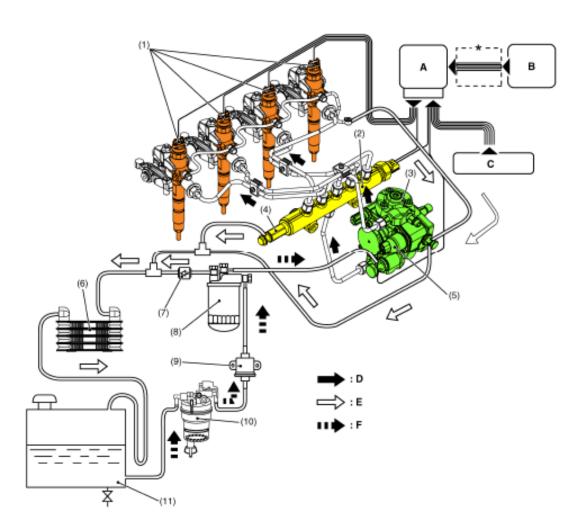
Engine Side Harness Pin Layout



Machine Side Harness Pin Layout



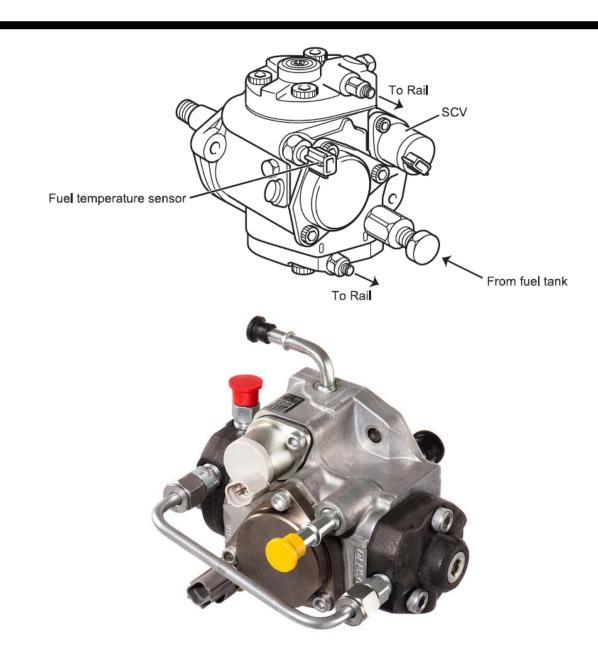




- (1) Injector
- (2) Rail
- (3) Supply Pump
- (4) Pressure Limiter
- (5) SCV (Suction Control Valve) (9) Fuel Feed Pump
- (6) Fuel Cooler
- (7) Check Valve
- (8) Fuel Filter

- (10) Water Separator
- (11) Fuel Tank

- A: ECU for Engine
- B: ECU for Machine
- Sensors
- D: Injected Fuel Flow
- E: Returned Fuel Flow
- F: Feed Fuel Flow





MAF Sensor Error 132

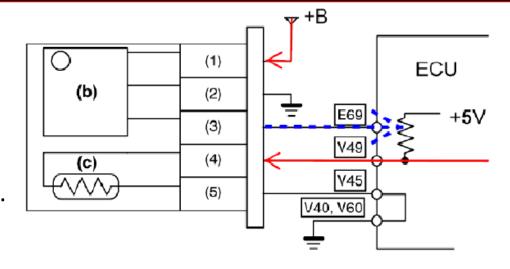
SPN 3251 FMI 3

DPS (Differential Pressure Sensor Voltage Error (High)

- Check Voltage signal back to ECU above 4.7v
- 2. Broken wires or Faulty Wires.

SPN 3251 FMI 4 DPS (Differential Pressure Sensor Voltage Error (Low)

- 1. Check Voltage signal back to ECU below .2v
- 2. Broken wires or Faulty Wires.



Pin 1 – 12 VDC from Battery

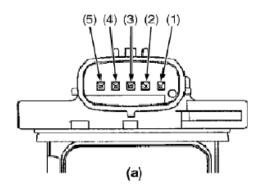
Pin 2 - Frame ground

Pin 3 - Signal to ECU

Pin 4 – 5 VDC from ECU

Pin 5 - ECU ground

Signal wire goes to ECU pin E69 which is E12 on the Harness.







Code 3251 – DPS Error (Differential Pressure Sensor)

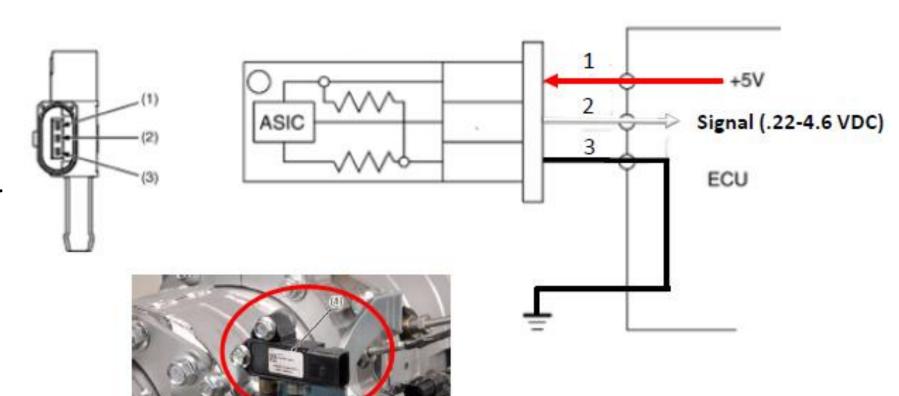
SPN 3251 FMI 3

DPS (Differential Pressure Sensor Voltage Error (High)

- 1. Check Voltage signal back to ECU above 4.7v
- 2. Broken wires or Faulty Wires.

SPN 3251 FMI 4 DPS (Differential Pressure Sensor Voltage Error (Low)

- 1. Check Voltage signal back to ECU below .2v
- 2. Broken wires or Faulty Wires.





High Frequency Regen Code P3024

P3024 – High Frequency Regen

- 1. Reset Interval for Regen Request.
- 2. Reset Code in DTC.

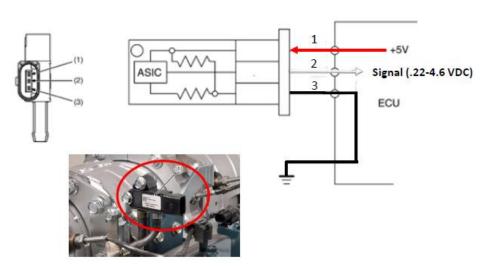
 If Code reappears, check the following.
- 3. Inspect Turbo/Air Intake for Oil.
- Test Differential Pressure Sensor.
- 5. Check PM Quantity, if above 16k filter must be cleaned or replaced.





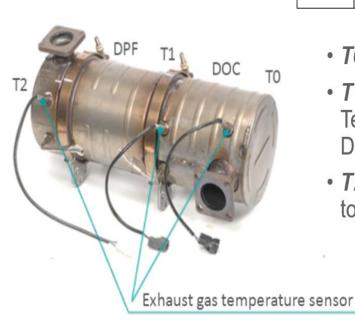
Inspect Turbo for Oil





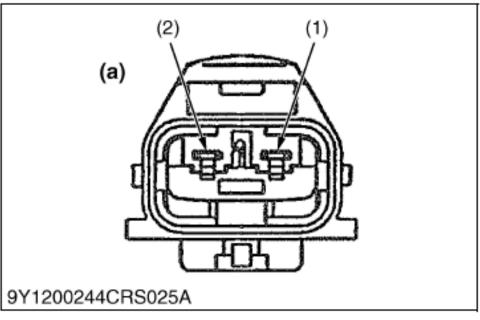


Exhaust gas temperature sensor 0: High Invalid DOC Inlet Temperature (T0) Data T0 – Black Connector ■ 4765 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 0: High 4 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 0: Low 0 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 1: High T1 – Grey Connector 3242 3 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 1: High 4 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 1: Low 0 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 2: High 3 T2 – White Connector 3246 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 2: High 4 Exhaust gas temperature sensor 2: Low



- *T0* Inlet Temp.
- T1 Intermediate Temp. between DOC and DPF.
- **T2** Outlet Temp to the Muffler.





Factory specification				
Temperature	Resistance			
100 °C (212 °F)	Approx. 18.3 kΩ			
150 °C (302 °F)	Approx. 7.88 kΩ			
200 °C (392 °F)	Approx. 4.00 kΩ			
250 °C (482 °F)	Approx. 2.30 kΩ			

ок	Wiring harness open circuit or connector fault → Check and repair.
NG	Exhaust gas temperature sensor fault → Replace the exhaust gas temperature sensor 0 (T0).

Terminal A-GND3

(2) Terminal IDOC